# IDBI Bank Ltd.

# Consolidated Pillar III Disclosures (March 31, 2024)

# **<u>1. Scope of Application and Capital Adequacy</u>**

### **Table DF-1: Scope of Application**

#### Accounting and regulatory consolidation

For the purpose of financial reporting, the Bank consolidates its subsidiaries in accordance with Accounting Standard (AS) 21, Consolidated Financial Statements, on a line-by-line basis by adding together like items of assets, liabilities, income and expenditure. Investments in associates are accounted for by the equity method in accordance with AS-23, "Accounting for Investments in Associates in Consolidated Financial Statements".

For the purpose of consolidated prudential regulatory reporting, the consolidated Bank includes all group entities under its control, except group companies which are engaged in insurance business and any non-financial activities. Details of subsidiaries and associates of the Bank along with the consolidation status for accounting and regulatory purposes are given below:

# Name of the head of the banking group to which the framework applies: <u>IDBI</u> <u>Bank Ltd.</u>

(i) Qualitative Disclosures

#### a. List of group entities considered for consolidation

Name of the entity / Country of incorporati on	Whether the entity is included under accounting scope of consolidatio n (yes/no)	Explain the method of consolidatio n	Whether the entity is included under regulatory scope of consolidatio n (yes/no)	Explain the method of consolidatio n	Explain the reasons for difference in the method of consolidatio n	Explain the reasons if consolidate d under only one of the scopes of consolidatio n
IDBI Capital Market Services Ltd/India	Yes	Consolidate d in accordance with AS-21, Consolidate d Financial Statements	Yes	Consolidate d in accordance with AS-21, Consolidate d Financial Statements	NA	NA



IDBI Asset Managemen t Ltd/India	Yes	Consolidate d in accordance with AS-21, Consolidate d Financial Statements	Yes	Consolidate d in accordance with AS-21, Consolidate d Financial Statements	NA	NA
IDBI MF Trustee Company Ltd/India	Yes	Consolidate d in accordance with AS-21, Consolidate d Financial Statements	No	NA	NA	IDBI MF Trustee Company Ltd is a non- Financial Entity. Deducted from Consolidate d Regulatory Capital of the group.
IDBI Intech Ltd/India	Yes	Consolidate d in accordance with AS-21, Consolidate d Financial Statements	No	NA	NA	IDBI Intech Ltd is a non- Financial Entity. Deducted from Consolidate d Regulatory Capital of the group.
IDBI Trusteeship Services Ltd/India	Yes	Consolidate d in accordance with AS-21, Consolidate d Financial Statements	No	NA	NA	IDBI Trusteeship is a non- Financial Entity. Deducted from Consolidate d Regulatory Capital of the group.



Biotech Consortium India Limited	Yes	Accounted for by the equity method in accordance with AS- 23, "Accountin g for Investment s in Associates in Consolidat ed Financial Statements ".	No	NA	NA	Risk weighted for capital adequacy purposes
National Securities Depository Limited	Yes	Accounted for by the equity method in accordance with AS- 23, "Accountin g for Investment s in Associates in Consolidat ed Financial Statements ".	No	NA	NA	Risk weighted for capital adequacy purposes
North Eastern Developmen t Finance Corporation Limited	Yes	Accounted for by the equity method in accordance with AS-23, "Accounting for Investments in	No	NA	NA	Risk weighted for capital adequacy purposes



Associates		
in		
Consolidate		
d Financial		
Statements".		

\* NA – Not Applicable

# b. List of group entities not considered for consolidation both under the accounting and regulatory scope of consolidation

There are no group entities that are not considered for consolidation under both the accounting scope of consolidation and regulatory scope of consolidation.

# (ii) Quantitative Disclosures:

#### c. List of group entities considered for regulatory consolidation:

	(Amt. in ₹ Crore)					
Name of the entity / country of incorporation (as indicated in (i)a. above)	Principle activity of the entity	Total balance sheet equity (as stated in the accounting balance sheet of the legal entity)	Total balance sheet assets (as stated in the accounting balance sheet of the legal entity)			
IDBI Capital Market Services Ltd/India	Business includes stock broking, distribution of financial products, merchant banking, corporate advisory services, etc.	₹ 128.10	₹474.73			
IDBI Asset Management Ltd/India	Manages investments of funds raised through MF schemes.	₹ 200.00	₹215.50			

# d. The aggregate amount of capital deficiencies in all subsidiaries which are not included in the regulatory scope of consolidation i.e. that are deducted:

There is no capital deficiency in any subsidiary, which is not included in the regulatory scope of consolidation.

# e. The aggregate amounts (e.g. current book value) of the bank's total interests in insurance entities, which are risk-weighted:

There is nil aggregate amount of the bank's total interests in insurance entities.

# f. Any restrictions or impediments on transfer of funds or regulatory capital within the banking group:

There are no restrictions or impediments on transfer of funds or regulatory capital within the banking group.

# Table DF-2: Capital Adequacy

The Bank maintains and manages capital as a cushion against the risk of probable losses and to protect its stakeholders, depositors and creditors. The future capital requirement of the Bank is projected as a part of its annual business plan, in accordance with its business strategy. To calculate the future capital requirements of the Bank a view on the market behaviour is taken after considering various factors such as interest rate, exchange rate and liquidity positions. In addition, broad parameters like balance sheet composition, portfolio mix, growth rate and relevant discounting are also considered.

Further, the loan composition and rating matrix is factored in to reflect precision in projections. In line with the Basel III guidelines, which are effective since April 01, 2013, the Bank has been calculating its capital ratios as per the extant RBI guidelines. The main focus of Basel III norms is on the quality and quantity of Tier I capital. The Standalone CRAR position of the Bank as on March 31, 2024, is as given below:

Capital Adequacy Ratios				
CET 1	20.11%			
Tier 1	20.11%			
Tier 2	2.15%			
CRAR	22.26%			

# Risk exposure & Assessment

For identification, quantification and estimation of current and future risks which are not captured at all or not fully captured under the Standardised Approach of Pillar-I, the Bank has a Board approved Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process (ICAAP) policy. The policy covers the process for addressing such risks, measuring their impact on the financial position of the Bank and formulating appropriate strategies for their containment & mitigation, thereby maintaining an adequate level of capital. ICAAP exercise is conducted periodically to determine that the Bank has adequate capital to meet regulatory requirements in line with its business requirements. ICAAP policy of the bank also lays down the roadmap for comprehensive stress testing, covering regulatory stress conditions to give an insight into the impact of severe but plausible stress scenarios on the Bank's risk profile and capital position. The stress tests exercises are carried out quarterly incorporating RBI guidelines on Stress testing dated December 02, 2013. The impact of stress scenarios on the profitability and capital adequacy of the Bank are analysed. Stress testing framework includes scenario analysis to understand the impact of further increase in Gross NPA, crystallization of NFB facilities of NPA and Technically Written Off accounts and illiquid securities on capital and profitability of the Bank. The mechanism of reverse stress testing is used to find the level of stress which may adversely hit the capital to take it to a pre-determined floor level. The result of the exercise is reported to the suitable board level committee(s).

#### The Consolidated CRAR position, as on March 31, 2024 is as under:

(Amt. in ₹ Crore)

Capital requirement	
Credit Risk Capital:	
Portfolios subject to standardised approach	15,847.21
Securitisation	0.00
Market Risk Capital:	
Standardised duration approach	1,205.88
Interest Rate Risk	748.04
Foreign exchange Risk (including Gold)	36.00
Equity Risk	421.84
On derivatives (FX Options)	0.00
Operational Risk Capital:	
Basic indicator approach	1,960.70
<b>Common Equity Tier 1, Tier 1 and Total capital ratio</b> :	
CET 1	20.29%
Tier 1	20.29%
Tier 2	2.14%
Total(Tier 1 + Tier 2)	22.43%

# DF-3a: Credit Risk - General Disclosures:

Credit risk is the risk of loss that may occur due to default of the counterparty or from its failure to meet its obligations as per terms of the financial contract. Any such event will have an adverse effect on the financial performance of the Bank. The Bank faces credit risk through its lending, investment and contractual arrangements. A robust risk governance framework has been put in place to counter the effect of credit risk faced by the Bank. The framework provides a clear definition of roles as well as allocation of responsibilities with regard to ownership and management of risks. Allocation of responsibilities is further substantiated by defining clear hierarchy with respect to reporting relationships and Management Information System (MIS) mechanism.

### Bank's Credit risk management policies

The Bank has defined and implemented various risk management policies, procedures and standards with an objective to clearly articulate processes and procedural requirements that are binding on all concerned Business groups. Credit Policy of the Bank is guided by the objective to build, sustain and maintain a high quality credit portfolio. The policy document lays down broad approaches and guidance for lending to different business segment, besides guidance on credit process, credit risk management, control and monitoring with emphasis on maintaining asset quality as well as risk adjusted return. The policy also addresses more granular factors such as diversification of the portfolio across counter parties, business groups, industries, geographies and sectors. The policy reflects the Bank's approach towards lending to corporate clients in light of prevailing business environment and regulatory stipulations.

Bank's Credit Policy also details the standards for its Retail Assets portfolio. The policy also guides the formulation of individual product program guidelines for various retail products. Credit policy is reviewed annually in anticipation of or in response to the dynamics of the environment (regulatory & market) in which the Bank operates or to change in strategic direction, risk tolerance, etc. The policy is approved by the Board of Directors of the Bank.

Bank has put in place internal guidelines on exposure norms in respect of single borrower, groups, exposure to sensitive sector, industry exposure, unsecured exposures, etc. to control concentration of credit risk. Norms have also been detailed for soliciting new business as well as for preliminary scrutiny of new clients. Bank abides by the directives issued by RBI, SEBI and other regulatory bodies in respect of lending to any industry including NBFCs, Real Estate, Capital Markets, Commodities, Gems and Jewellery and Infrastructure. In addition, internal limits have been prescribed for certain specific segments based on prudential considerations.

The Bank has a specific policy on Counter Party Credit Risk pertaining to exposure on domestic & international banks and a policy on Country Risk Management pertaining to exposure on various countries. In line with regulatory guidelines, the Bank also computes exposure under Large Exposure Framework (LEF) following the net accounting method.

#### Credit risk assessment process:

The sanction of credit proposals is in accordance with the delegation structure approved by the Board of Directors. Credit risk rating, used by the Bank is one of the key tools for assessing its credit proposals. The Bank has implemented internal rating model Risk Assessment Module (RAM), a two - dimensional module for rating viz.; obligor and facility. Different risk parameters such as financial, business, management and industry are used for different rating models in accordance with the category and characteristics of the borrower. Qualitative and quantitative information of the proposal is evaluated by the credit risk analyst to ascertain the credit rating of the borrower. Credit rating

# () IDBI BANK

process is a multilevel approach based on maker and checker concept. Based on size/ kind of the exposure and sanctioning authority, credit proposals are rated at stipulated levels. Approval of credit for retail products are guided by the individual retail product paper guidelines and each proposal is appraised through a scoring model. In addition to the above, a Credit audit process is in place, which aims at reviewing the loans and acts as an effective tool to evaluate the efficacy of credit assessment, monitoring and mitigation process.

# Credit portfolio monitoring:

The credit portfolio of the Bank is monitored on regular basis to ensure compliance with internal and regulatory limits as well as to avoid undue concentration (borrower or Industry). The same is periodically reported to the senior management. Further, to ensure high quality of the asset portfolio the Bank has adopted a two pronged strategy i.e., containment of incidence of asset slippages and resolution / recovery from NPAs. In this regard, the Bank has an NPA management policy, which sets out guidelines for restricting slippage of existing standard assets and recovery / resolution of NPA by close monitoring, constant follow-up and evolving a suitable proactive Corrective Action Plan. Bank has extended the regulatory dispensations allowed under Covid relief package to its borrowers to minimize the stress which emanated from pandemic.

# **Definitions of non-performing assets:**

The Bank classifies its advances into performing and non-performing advances in accordance with the extant RBI guidelines. The non-performing asset (NPA) is a loan or an advance where i. Interest and/ or instalment of principal remains overdue for a period of more than 90 days in respect of a term loan and the account remains 'out of order' in respect of an Overdraft/Cash Credit (OD/CC). An account should be treated as 'out of order' if the outstanding balance remains continuously in excess of the sanctioned limit/drawing power for 90 days. In cases where the outstanding balance in the principal operating account is less than the sanctioned limit/drawing power, but there are no credits continuously for 90 days as on the date of Balance Sheet or credits are not enough to cover the interest debited during the same period, these accounts should be treated as 'out of order'. Other NPAs are as under:

- The bill remains overdue for a period of more than 90 days in the case of bills purchased and discounted,
- The instalment of principal or interest thereon remains overdue for two crop seasons for short duration crops
- The instalment of principal or interest thereon remains overdue for one crop season for long duration crops,
- The amount of liquidity facility remains outstanding for more than 90 days, in respect of a securitisation transaction undertaken in terms of the Reserve Bank of India (Securitisation of Standard Assets) Directions, 2021.

- In respect of derivative transactions, the overdue receivables representing positive mark-to-market value of a derivative contract, if these remain unpaid for a period of 90 days from the specified due date for payment.
- In case of interest payments, banks should, classify an account as NPA only if the interest due and charged during any quarter is not serviced fully within 90 days from the end of the quarter

NPAs are further classified into sub-standard, doubtful and loss assets. A substandard asset is one, which has remained as NPA for a period less than or equal to 12 months. An asset is classified as doubtful if it has remained in the sub-standard category for a period of 12 months. A loss asset is one where loss has been identified by the bank or internal or external auditors or the RBI inspection but the amount has not been written off wholly.

In respect of investments in securities, where interest / principal is in arrears, the Bank does not reckon income on such securities and makes provisions as per provisioning norms prescribed by RBI for depreciation in the value of investment.

### b. & c. Total gross credit risk exposures & Geographic distribution of exposures: Fund and Non-fund based

(Amt. in ₹ Crore)

Particulars	Fund Based	Non Fund Based	Total	
Domestic	2,90,221.88	86,652.22	3,76,874.11	
Overseas	10,257.07	0.00	10,257.07	
<b>Total Gross Exposures</b>	3,00,478.95	86,652.22	3,87,131.17	

### d. Industry type distribution of Gross credit exposures: Fund and Non-Fund based (Amt.in ₹ Crore)

Industry	Fund	Non Fund	Total
	Based	Based	
Agriculture & Allied Activities	39,506.99	83.05	39,590.03
Transport Operators	679.86	75.56	755.42
Computer Software	280.67	51.90	332.58
Tourism, Hotel and Restaurants	965.61	27.37	992.98
Shipping	12.12	0.10	12.22
Professional services	2,015.63	277.58	2,293.21
Trade	22,068.96	2,314.61	24,383.57
Commercial Real Estate	311.54	56.37	367.92
NBFCs	30,278.32	519.49	30,797.82
Other Services	30,566.92	3,025.65	33,592.57
Housing Loans (Incl priority sector	72,478.08	3.50	72,481.58
housing)			
Consumer Durables	107.30	0.18	107.48



Industry	Fund	Non Fund	Total
•	Based	Based	
Credit Card Receivables	270.03	0.16	270.20
Vehicle/Auto Loans	2,600.76	49.20	2,649.97
Education Loans	2,352.26	1.03	2,353.29
Advances against Fixed Deposits (incl.	1.89	0.00	1.89
FCNR (B), etc.)			
Other Retail Loans	4,570.78	5.73	4,576.51
Mining and Quarrying	6,257.77	1,074.81	7,332.58
Food Processing	3,986.99	534.84	4,521.83
Beverages (excluding Tea & Coffee) and	236.64	46.56	283.20
Tobacco			
Textiles	4,134.74	656.31	4,791.05
Leather and Leather products	112.54	2.94	115.48
Wood and Wood Products	94.62	38.71	133.33
Paper and Paper Products	1,397.75	607.58	2,005.33
Petroleum (non-infra), Coal Products (non-	1,785.28	2,809.31	4,594.59
mining) and Nuclear Fuels			
Chemicals and Chemical Products (Dyes,	5,417.48	3,689.45	9,106.93
Paints, etc.)			
Rubber, Plastic and their Products	1,766.79	485.88	2,252.67
Glass & Glassware	35.14	1.26	36.40
Cement and Cement Products	1,229.65	1,970.09	3,199.74
Basic Metal and Metal Products	9,746.10	10,426.99	20,173.08
All Engineering	5,552.33	4,980.86	10,533.19
Vehicles, Vehicle Parts and Transport	1,688.74	1,243.31	2,932.04
Equipment's			
Gems and Jewellery	1,089.80	1,033.47	2,123.27
Construction	2,982.16	2,192.47	5,174.63
Residuary other advances (to tally with	23,268.62	17,924.03	41,192.65
gross advances)			
Infrastructure	19,881.27	30,283.31	50,164.58
Other Industries	746.83	158.55	905.38
Total	3,00,478.95	86,652.22	3,87,131.17

#### **Industries having more than 5% of the Gross credit exposures**

Industry	Fund Based	Non Fund Based	Total	%
Housing Loans (Incl priority sector housing)	72,478.08	3.50	72,481.58	18.72
Infrastructure	19,881.27	30,283.31	50,164.58	12.96
Agriculture & Allied Activities	39,506.99	83.05	39,590.03	10.23



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Other Services	30,566.92	3,025.65	33,592.57	8.68
NBFCs	30,278.32	519.49	30,797.82	7.96
Trade	22,068.96	2,314.61	24,383.57	6.30
Basic Metal and Metal Products	9,746.10	10,426.99	20,173.08	5.21

# e. Residual contractual maturity breakdown of assets

Maturity	Assets as on March 31,2024				
Buckets	Cash & Balances with RBI and Other Banks	Investment s	Advances	Fixed Assets & Other Assets	Total Assets
Day 1	2,780.23	23,872.90	491.64	9.72	27,154.48
2 to 7 days	10,454.91	23,183.70	1,083.71	1,165.74	35,888.06
8 to 14 days	311.00	1,185.74	1,866.96	65.04	3,428.74
15 to 30 days	1,595.47	2,880.17	3,277.46	2,720.51	10,473.62
31 days & upto 2 months	369.10	4,805.58	6,193.56	521.22	11,889.45
Over 2 months & upto 3 months	312.92	3,049.96	7,930.74	409.53	11,703.15
Over 3 months & upto 6 months	1,099.80	4,769.65	11,518.34	230.29	17,618.07
Over 6 months & upto 1 year	2,836.60	12,399.82	17,951.96	601.71	33,790.09
Over 1 year & upto 3 years	6,011.27	23,918.71	53,705.49	2,003.28	85,638.74
Over 3 years & upto 5 years	118.48	3,987.62	14,716.73	11,295.84	30,118.67
Over 5 years	43.12	10,880.41	69,884.01	14,679.85	95,487.39
Total	25,932.88	1,14,934.24	1,88,620.61	33,702.72	3,63,190.47

# f. g & h. Amount of NPAs (Gross) & Net NPAs & NPA Ratios

(Amt. in ₹ Crore)

Particulars	Amount
Gross Advances	1,96,893.62
Net Advances	1,88,620.61
Gross NPA as on March 31, 2024	
a. Substandard	2,052.54
b. Doubtful 1	824.20
c. Doubtful 2	1 ,204.76
d. Doubtful 3	651.28
e. Loss	4,184.05
Total	8,916.83
NPA Provision*	8,273.00
Net NPA	643.83
NPA Ratios	
Gross NPAs to Gross Advances (%)	4.53%
Net NPAs to Net Advances (%)	0.34%

\*Including NPV Loss on NPA, ICA Provision and NCLT Provision.

# i. Movement of Non-Performing Assets (NPA):

Particulars (NPA Gross)	As on March 31, 2024
Opening Balance as on January 01, 2024	8,589.40
Additions	1,851.82
Write Offs	433.27
Reductions	1,091.11
Closing Balance	8,916.84



### j. a) Movement of Specific NPA Provisions:

(Amt. in ₹ Crore)

Particulars	As on March 31, 2024	
	Specific Provisions*	
Opening Balance as on January 01, 2024	7,996.06	
Add : Provision made during the period	1,718.08	
Less : Transfer to Countercyclical Provisional		
Buffer	0.00	
Less : Write offs	433.27	
Less : Write Back of excess provision	1,007.86	
Closing Balance	8,273.00	

\*'Including NPV Loss on NPA, ICA Provision and NCLT Provision.

#### **b)** Movement of General Provisions:

(Amt. in ₹ Crore)

Particulars	As March 31, 2024	
	General Provisions	
Opening Balance as on January 01, 2024	1,821.13	
Add : Provision made during the period	47.05	
Less : Transfer to Countercyclical Provisional	0	
Buffer		
Less : Write offs	0	
Less : Write Back of excess provision	0	
Closing Balance	1,868.18	

Write-offs and recoveries that have been booked directly to the income statement is ₹ 1,166.35 Crore for March 31, 2024 quarter.

#### k & l. Position of Non-Performing Investments (NPI) as on March 31, 2024

Particulars	As on March 31, 2024
Amount of Non-performing Investments	2,474.29
(NPI)	
Amount of provisions held for Non-	2,474.29
performing Investments	



# m. Movement of provisions for depreciation on investments (Q2Q)

(Amt. in ₹ Crore)

Particulars	As on March 31, 2024
Opening Balance as on January 01, 2024	5,310.09
Provisions made during the period	439.53
Write offs / Write Back of excess provisions	451.59
Closing Balance	5,298.03

#### n. By major industry wise NPA, Specific Provisions & Write-Offs \*

(Amt. in ₹ Crore)

Particulars	As of March 31, 2024		During the current Period	
	Gross Specific		Specific	Write-
	NPA	<b>Provision</b> (NPA)	<b>Provision</b> (NPA)	Offs
NPAs and Specific	4,731.17	4,569.87	121.62	620.95
Provisions in Top				
5 Industries				

Industries identified based on Gross Credit Exposure to Industries.

# General NPA Provision is Nil

#### o. a) Geography based position of NPA & Specific Provision break-up:

(Amt. in ₹ Crore)

Particulars	As of March 31, 2024		
	Domestic	Overseas	Total
Gross NPA	8,172.39	744.45	8,916.84
Specific Provision for			
NPA	7,563.29	709.71	8,273.01

#### b) Geography based position General Provision break-up:

(Amt. in ₹ Crore)

Particulars	As of March 31, 2024		
	Domestic	Overseas	Total
<b>General Provision</b>	1,857.90	10.28	1,868.18

#### **Table DF-4: Credit Risk: Disclosures for Portfolios Subject to the Standardised approach**

The Bank uses the solicited ratings assigned by the external credit rating agencies specified by RBI for calculating risk weights on its exposures for capital calculations. In line with the Basel guidelines, banks are required to use the external ratings assigned by domestic credit rating agencies viz. CRISIL, CARE, ICRA, India Ratings, ACUTIE, INFOMERICS and international credit rating agencies Fitch, Moody's and Standard & Poor's. The ratings assigned, are used for all eligible on balance sheet & off balance sheet exposure. Only those ratings which are publicly available and are in force as per the monthly bulletin of the rating agencies are considered.

The entire amount of credit risk exposure to the Bank is taken into account for external credit assessment, to be eligible for risk weighting purposes. The Bank uses short term ratings for exposures with contractual maturity of less than or equal to one year and long term ratings for those exposures which have a contractual maturity of over one year.

The process used to assign the ratings to a corporate exposure and apply the appropriate risk weight is as per the regulatory guidelines prescribed by RBI. In cases where there are two ratings, attracting different risk weights, the higher risk weight are applied. In case of three or more ratings, the rating with second lowest risk weight is applied. The



table given below gives the breakup of net outstanding amounts of assets in Banking Book and Non-Fund Based Facilities after Credit Risk Mitigation in 3 major risk buckets as well as those that are deducted:

(Amt. in ₹ Crore)

Risk Weight	Net Exposure
Less than 100%	2,93,948.24
At 100%	31,084.04
More than 100%	20,479.08
Deduction from Capital	46.10
Total	3,45,557.46

#### Table DF-5: Credit Risk Mitigation: Disclosures for Standardised Approaches:

Collateral is an asset or a right provided by the borrower to the lender to secure a credit facility. Bank obtains collaterals against its exposures to mitigate credit risk. The Bank has a Board approved Credit policy which covers Collateral Management and Credit Risk Mitigation (CRM) Techniques. These include norms on acceptable collaterals, procedures & processes to enable classification and valuation of such collaterals. On-Balance sheet netting is confined to loans and deposits, where the Bank has legally enforceable netting arrangements, involving specific lien in addition to other stipulated conditions. The netting is only undertaken for loans against collaterals of the same counterparty and subject to identifiable netting arrangement. Both financial as well as non-financial collaterals are used to hedge its credit exposures. Appropriate collateral for a product is determined after taking into account the type of borrower, the risk profile and the facility. The main types of eligible financial collaterals accepted by the Bank are Cash, Bank's own deposits, Gold, National Savings Certificates, Kisan Vikas Patra, Insurance policies with a declared surrender value and various Debt securities. The non-financial collaterals include Land & Building, Plant & Machinery, Stock, etc. However, under the retail portfolio the collaterals are defined as per the type of product e.g. collateral for housing loan would be residential mortgage and an automobile is a collateral for auto loan. Most of the eligible financial collaterals, where the Bank has availed capital benefits under CRM techniques, are in the form of Bank's own FDs which are not subject to credit or market risk.

The Bank also considers guarantees for securing its exposures; however only those guarantees which are direct, explicit and unconditional are considered. Sovereigns, Public Sector Entities, Banks, Primary Dealers, and Credit Guarantee fund Trust for Micro and Small Enterprises (CGTMSE), Export Credit Guarantee Corporation (ECGC), National Credit Guarantee Trustee Company (NCGTC) managed guarantees and highly rated corporate entities are considered as eligible guarantors by the Bank for availing capital benefits as stipulated in the Basel guidelines. The Bank utilizes various processes and techniques to reduce the impact of the credit risk to which it is exposed. CRM is one such tool designed to reduce the Bank's credit exposure to the counterparty

while calculating its capital requirement to the extent of the value of eligible financial collateral. The credit exposure to a counter party is adjusted by the value of eligible financial collaterals after applying appropriate haircuts. The haircuts are applied to account for volatility in value, including those arising from currency mismatch for both the exposure and the collateral. For availing capital savings under eligible guarantees, the amount of exposure is divided into covered and uncovered portions. The covered portion of the exposure attracts the risk weight of guarantor, while the uncovered portion continues to attract the risk weight of the obligor subject to meeting requirements stipulated in the Basel guidelines.

The Bank's exposures where CRM techniques were applied are as follows:

(Amt. in ₹ Crore)

Particulars	Fund Based	Non-Fund Based *
Total Exposures covered by eligible financial collateral	19,336.02	13,014.56
Exposure after taking benefit of eligible collateral	2,058.36	7,916.98

\* Non-Market Related

The exposure covered by corporate guarantees where CRM techniques as per RBI guidelines were applied amounted to ₹ 14,316.56 Crore as on March 31, 2024.

# Table DF-6: Securitization exposure-Disclosure for Standardized Approach:

Qualitative Disclosures	
<b>e i</b>	lisclosures with respect to securitization activities of
the Bank are as follows:	
•The Bank's	Bank has not securitized-out any standard loans during
objectives in relation	year ended as on March 31, 2024. Hence, transfer of
to securitization	credit risk is not applicable.
activity, including the	
extent to which these	However, in order to supplement the achievement of
activities transfer	target in Priority Sector Lending (PSL) and gain good
credit risk of the	yield, the Bank has invested in Pass Through
underlying	Certificates (PTC) i.e. Assets securitized by various
securitized exposures	NBFC/MFI/HFCs.
away from the bank to	
other entities.	
• The nature of other	Not applicable as the Bank has not securitized-out any
risks inherent in	standard loans.
securitized assets.	
	In case of investment in PTCs, the repayment is done
	out of the collections from the ultimate borrowers.

	• The various roles played by the Bank in the securitization process and an indication of the extent of the bank's	Further Credit Enhancement is also available as determined by Rating Agency based on the rating of the pool. If the losses in the pool exceed level of credit enhancement, then the losses are to be borne by Bank. Bank has played the role of Investor in the securitization transactions. Bank has not provided Credit Enhancement or Liquidity Facility for Securitization during last FY 2023-24. The exposures in above category as on March 31, 2024 is as under: (Amount in Rs. crores)			
	involvement in each of them;	Sr. No	Role played	No. of transactions	Amount involved
		1	Investor (O/s)	8	503.48
		2	Provider of Credit enhancement (Second Loss Facility/ Liquidity Facility)	Nil	Nil
	<ul> <li>a description of the processes in place to monitor changes in the credit and market risk of securitization exposures.</li> <li>a description of the bank's policy governing the use of credit risk mitigation to mitigate the risks retained through securitization exposures;</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Bank periodically monitors the collection performan repayments, prepayments, utilization of Cre Enhancement, Mark to Market valuation, due diliger and rating review of the pools in invested portfolio Securitization as per Credit Policy and Investme policy of the Bank.</li> <li>The Bank follows extant RBI guidelines on Investme in securitized papers/ PTCs as outlined in RBI circu dated May 07, 2012, August 21, 2012, September 2 2021 updated on December 05, 2022 and Bank's extant Credit policy &amp; Investment policy. Bank invests in the</li> </ul>			tion of Credit on, due diligence ested portfolio of and Investment es on Investment ed in RBI circular 2, September 24, and Bank's extant ank invests in the right on the assets along with d also. The Bank adequate Credit external rating
b	including:	k's accounting policies for securitization activities,			
	<ul> <li>whether the transactions are treated as sales or financings;</li> <li>methods and key assumptions (including inputs) applied in valuing</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>it has invested through acquisition of receivables from NBFC/MFI/HFC in the past, which is treated as investments in the books of bank.</li> <li>The Bank's Investment in securitized papers/ PTCs are categorized under Available For Sale (AFS) category and MTM valuation of the same has been carried out</li> </ul>			



	positions retained or	
	purchased	
	1	N 1
	• changes in methods	No change
	and key assumptions	
	from the previous	
	period and impact of	
	the changes;	
	• policies for	The Bank has no direct securitized exposure as on date.
	recognizing liabilities	However, if Bank Guarantee (BG) provided by the
	on the balance sheet	Bank as credit enhancement for PTC transactions
	for arrangements that	carried out by other banks, it will be recognized as
	could require the bank	contingent liabilities in Bank's book and accounting
	to provide financial	treatment will be given accordingly. Bank has not
	support for securitized	provided any BG as Credit Enhancement.
	assets.	
<b>c</b> )	In the banking book,	The securitization exposure as on March 31, 2024 are
()	the names of External	treated as investment in bank's book and pool acquired
	Credit Assessment	are externally rated by CRISIL, CARE and ICRA. The
	Institutions	· ·
		loan portfolios are securitized through Pass Through
	(ECAIs) used for	Certificate (PTC) route.
	securitization and the	
	types of securitization	
	exposure for which	
	each agency is used.	
-		th respect to securitization activities of the Bank in
	Banking book are as fol	
d)	The total amount of	Nil
	exposures securitized	
	by the bank	
<b>e</b> )	For exposures	Nil
	securitized, losses	
	recognized by the	
	bank during the	
	current period broken	
	by the exposure type.	
<b>f</b> )	Amount of assets	Nil
_,	intended to be	
	securitized within a	
	year.	
<b>g</b> )	Of the above, the	Not Applicable
<b>5</b> /	amount of assets	1.007 Application
	originated within a	



securitization.         h)       The total amount of exposures securitized (by exposure type) and unrecognized gain or losses on sale by exposure type.       Nil         i)       Aggregate amount of: vor-balance sheet securitization exposures retained or purchased broken down by exposure type and       Nil         i)       • on-balance sheet securitization exposures broken down by exposure type and       Nil         j)       • Aggregate amount of securitization exposures broken down by exposure       Nil         j)       • Aggregate amount of securitization exposures broken down by exposure       Nil         j)       • Aggregate amount of securitization exposures retained or purchased and the associated capital charges, broken down between exposures and further broken down into different risk weight bands for each regulatory capital approach       Nil         • Exposures that have been deducted entirely from Tier 1 capital, credit enhancing Interest only strips deducted from total capital, and other exposures deducted from total capital.       Nil         Quantitative disclosures with respect to securitization activities of the Bank in the Trading book are as follows:       No standard loans have been securitized by Bank.		year before	
h)       The total amount of exposures securitized (by exposure type) and unrecognized gain or losses on sale by exposure type.       Nil         i)       Aggregate amount of: securitization exposures retained or purchased broken down by exposure type and • off-balance sheet securitization exposures broken down by exposure type.       Nil         j)       • off-balance sheet securitization exposures broken down by exposure type.       Nil         j)       • off-balance sheet securitization exposures broken down by exposure type.       Nil         j)       • Aggregate amount of securitization exposures broken down by exposure type.       Nil         j)       • Aggregate amount of securitization exposures retained or purchased and the associated capital charges, broken down between exposures and further broken down into different risk weight bands for each regulatory capital approach       Nil         • Exposures that have been deducted entirely from Tier 1 capital, credit enhancing Interest only strips deducted from total capital, and other exposures deducted from total capital.       Nil         Quantitative disclosures with respect to securitization activities of the Bank in the Trading book are as follows:       No standard loans have been securitized by Bank.		2	
exposures securitized (by exposure type) and unrecognized gain or losses on sale by exposure type.       Nil         i)       Aggregate amount of: • on-balance sheet securitization exposures retained or purchased broken down by exposure type and • off-balance sheet securitization exposures broken down by exposure type       Nil         j)       • Aggregate amount off securitization exposures retained or purchased and the associated capital charges, broken down between exposures and further broken down into different risk weight bands for each regulatory capital approach • Exposures that have been deducted entirely from Tier 1 capital, credit enhancing Interest only strips deducted from total capital, and other exposures deducted from total capital.       Nil         Quartitative disclosures with respect to securitization activities of the Bank in the Trading book are as follows:       No standard loans have been securitized by Bank.	<b>1</b> .)		NI:1
(by exposure type) and unrecognized gain or losses on sale by exposure type.       Nil         i)       Aggregate amount of: securitization exposures retained or purchased broken down by exposure type and       Nil         • off-balance sheet securitization exposures broken down by exposure type       Nil         • off-balance sheet securitization exposures broken down by exposure type       Nil         j)       • Aggregate amount of securitization exposures retained or purchased and the associated capital charges, broken down between exposures and further broken down into different risk weight bands for each regulatory capital approach       Nil         • Exposures that have been deducted entirely from Tier 1 capital, credit enhancing Interest only strips deducted from total capital, and other exposures deducted from total capital, and other exposures deducted from total capital.       Nil         Quantitative disclosures with respect to securitization activities of the Bank in the Trading book are as follows:       No standard loans have been securitized by Bank.	<b>n</b> )		INII
unrecognized gain or losses on sale by exposure type.       Nil         i)       Aggregate amount of: on-balance sheet securitization exposures retained or purchased broken down by exposure type and       Nil         • off-balance sheet securitization exposures broken down by exposure type       Nil         • off-balance sheet securitization exposures broken down by exposure       Nil         • Aggregate amount of securitization exposures retained or purchased and the associated capital charges, broken down between exposures and further broken down into different risk weight bands for each regulatory capital approach       Nil         • Exposures that have been deducted entirely from Tier 1 capital, credit enhancing Interest only strips deducted from total capital, and other exposures deducted from total capital.       Nil         Quantitative disclosures with respect to securitization activities of the Bank in the Trading book are as follows:       No standard loans have been securitized by Bank.		-	
i) Aggregate amount of: i) Aggregate amount of: securitization exposures retained or purchased broken down by exposure type and • off-balance sheet securitization exposures broken down by exposure type i) Aggregate amount of securitization exposures retained or purchased and the associated capital charges, broken down between exposures and further broken down into different risk weight bands for each regulatory capital approach • Exposures that have been deducted entirely from Tier 1 capital, credit enhancing Interest only strips deducted from total capital, and other exposures deducted from total capital. Quantitative disclosures with respect to securitization activities of the Bank in the Trading book are as follows: been degregate amount of No standard loans have been securitized by Bank.			
exposure type.       Aggregate amount of:       Nil         i)       Aggregate amount of:       Nil         • on-balance sheet securitization       exposures retained or purchased broken down by exposure       number of the securitization         • off-balance sheet securitization       Nil       securitization         • off-balance sheet securitization       Nil         • off-balance sheet type       Nil         • Aggregate amount of type       Nil         • Aggregate amount of type       Nil         • Aggregate and the associated capital charges, broken down between exposures and further broken down into different risk weight bands for each regulatory capital approach       Nil         • Exposures that have been deducted entirely from Tier 1 capital, credit enhancing litterest only strips deducted from total capital, and other exposures deducted from total capital.       No standard loans have been securitized by Bank.			
<ul> <li>Aggregate amount of: <ul> <li>Aggregate amount of: <ul> <li>on-balance sheet securitization exposures retained or purchased broken down by exposure type and • off-balance sheet securitization exposures broken down by exposure type</li> </ul> <ul> <li>• Aggregate amount of securitization exposures retained or purchased and the associated capital charges, broken down between exposures and further broken down into different risk weight bands for each regulatory capital approach Exposures that have been deducted entirely from Tier 1 capital, credit enhancing Interest only strips deducted from total capital, and other exposures deducted from total capital.</li> <li>Cupartitative disclosures with respect to securitization activities of the Bank in the Trading book are as follows:</li></ul></li></ul></li></ul>		J	
1)       • on-balance sheet securitization exposures retained or purchased broken down by exposure type and       • Nil         • off-balance sheet securitization exposures broken down by exposure type       Nil         j)       • Aggregate amount of securitization exposures retained or purchased and the associated capital charges, broken down between exposures and further broken down into different risk weight bands for each regulatory capital approach       Nil         • Exposures that have been deducted entirely from Tier 1 capital, credit enhancing Interest only strips deducted from total capital, and other exposures deducted from total capital.       Nil         Quantitative disclosures with respect to securitization activities of the Bank in the Trading book are as follows:       No standard loans have been securitized by Bank.			
<ul> <li>• on-balance sheet securitization exposures retained or purchased broken down by exposure type and</li> <li>• off-balance sheet securitization exposures broken down by exposure type</li> <li>• Aggregate amount of securitization exposures retained or purchased and the associated capital charges, broken down between exposures and further broken down into different risk weight bands for each regulatory capital approach</li> <li>• Exposures that have been deducted entirely from Tier 1 capital, credit enhancing Interest only strips deducted from total capital, and other exposures deducted from total capital.</li> </ul>	<b>i</b> )	Aggregate amount of:	Nil
securitization       exposures retained or purchased broken down by exposure type and       • off-balance sheet securitization         • off-balance sheet down by exposure type       • Nil         • off-balance sheet down by exposure type       • Nil         • Aggregate amount of securitization exposures retained or purchased and the associated capital charges, broken down between exposures and further broken down into different risk weight bands for each regulatory capital approach       Nil         • Exposures that have been deducted entirely from Tier 1 capital, credit enhancing Interest only strips deducted from total capital, and other exposures deducted from total capital.       Tester traines with respect to securitization activities of the Bank in the Trading book are as follows:		• on-balance sheet	
exposures retained or purchased broken down by exposure type and       Nil         • off-balance sheet securitization exposures broken down by exposure type       Nil         j)       • Aggregate amount of securitization exposures retained or purchased and the associated capital charges, broken down between exposures and further broken down into different risk weight bands for each regulatory capital approach       Nil         • Exposures that have been deducted entirely from Tier 1 capital, credit enhancing Interest only strips deducted from total capital, and other exposures deducted from total capital.       Nil         Quartitative disclosures with respect to securitization activities of the Bank in the Trading book are as follows:       No standard loans have been securitized by Bank.			
purchased broken down by exposure type and       Nil         • off-balance sheet securitization exposures broken down by exposure type       Nil         j)       • Aggregate amount of securitization exposures retained or purchased and the associated capital charges, broken down between exposures and further broken down into different risk weight bands for each regulatory capital approach       Nil         • Exposures that have been deducted entirely from Tier 1 capital, credit enhancing Interest only strips deducted from total capital, and other exposures deducted from total capital.       Nil         Quartitative disclosures with respect to securitization activities of the Bank in the Trading book are as follows:       No standard loans have been securitized by Bank.			
down by exposure type and       • off-balance sheet securitization       Nil         • off-balance sheet securitization exposures broken down by exposure type       Nil         j)       • Aggregate amount of securitization exposures retained or purchased and the associated capital charges, broken down between exposures and further broken down into different risk weight bands for each regulatory capital approach       Nil         • Exposures that have been deducted entirely from Tier 1 capital, credit enhancing Interest only strips deducted from total capital, and other exposures deducted from total capital.       Nil         Quartitative disclosures with respect to securitization activities of the Bank in the Trading book are as follow:       No standard loans have been securitized by Bank.		—	
type and       • off-balance sheet securitization         exposures       broken down by exposure         type       • off-balance sheet securitization         gyoes       • off-balance sheet securitization         type       • off-balance sheet securitization         type       • off-balance sheet securitization         type       • off-balance sheet securitization         of       securitization         exposures retained or purchased and the associated capital charges, broken down between exposures and further broken down into different risk weight bands for each regulatory capital approach         • Exposures that have been deducted entirely from Tier 1 capital, credit enhancing Interest only strips deducted from total capital, and other exposures deducted from total capital, and other exposures deducted from total capital.         Quartitative disclosures with respect to securitization activities of the Bank in the Trading book are as follows:		<b>A</b>	
• off-balance sheet securitization         exposures broken down by exposure type        Nil            j)         • Aggregate amount of securitization         exposures retained or         purchased and the         associated capital         charges, broken down         between exposures         and further broken         down into different         risk weight bands for         each regulatory capital         approach         • Exposures that have         been deducted entirely         from Tier 1 capital,         credit enhancing         Interest only strips         deducted from total         capital, and other         exposures deducted         from total capital.        Nil          Quantitative disclosures with respect to securitization activities of the Bank in         the Trading book are as follow:       No standard loans have been securitized by Bank.			
securitization       exposures       broken         down by exposure       type         j)       • Aggregate amount of securitization       Nil         of securitization       exposures retained or purchased and the associated capital charges, broken down between exposures       Nil         between exposures       and further broken down into different risk weight bands for each regulatory capital approach       Nil         • Exposures that have been deducted entirely from Tier 1 capital, credit enhancing Interest only strips deducted from total capital, and other exposures deducted from total capital, and other exposures deducted from total capital.       Nil         Quartitative disclosures with respect to securitization activities of the Bank in the Trading book are as follow:       No standard loans have been securitized by Bank.		* *	Nil
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type       · Aggregate amount of securitization exposures retained or purchased and the associated capital charges, broken down between exposures and further broken down into different risk weight bands for each regulatory capital approach       Nil         • Exposures that have been deducted entirely from Tier 1 capital, credit enhancing Interest only strips deducted from total capital, and other exposures deducted from total capital.       Nil         • Uuttrative disclosures with respect to securitization activities of the Bank in the Trading book are as follow:       No standard loans have been securitized by Bank.		—	
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J       of securitization exposures retained or purchased and the associated capital charges, broken down between exposures and further broken down into different risk weight bands for each regulatory capital approach       •         • Exposures that have been deducted entirely from Tier 1 capital, credit enhancing Interest only strips deducted from total capital, and other exposures deducted from total capital.       Nil         • Quartitative disclosures with respect to securitization activities of the Bank in the Trading book are as follows:       No standard loans have been securitized by Bank.			Nil
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charges, broken down         between exposures         and further broken         down into different         risk weight bands for         each regulatory capital         approach         • Exposures that have         been deducted entirely         from Tier 1 capital,         credit       enhancing         Interest only strips         deducted from total         capital, and other         exposures deducted         from total capital.    Quantitative disclosures with respect to securitization activities of the Bank in the Trading book are as follows:           k)       Aggregate amount of       No standard loans have been securitized by Bank.		-	
between       exposures         and       further       broken         down       into       different         risk       weight       bands       for         each regulatory capital       approach       -         •       Exposures       hat have       Nil         been       deducted       entirely       from         from       Tier       1       capital,         credit       enhancing       Interest       only       strips         deducted       from       total       capital,       and       other         exposures       deducted       from       total       capital,       other       startipe         demonstres       demonstres       wesposures       total capital.       wesposures </th <th></th> <th>1</th> <th></th>		1	
and further broken       and further broken         down into different       risk weight bands for         risk weight bands for       each regulatory capital         approach       image: state in the state in			
down into different risk weight bands for each regulatory capital approach       •         • Exposures that have been deducted entirely from Tier 1 capital, credit enhancing Interest only strips deducted from total capital, and other exposures deducted from total capital.       Nil         Quartitative disclosures with respect to securitization activities of the Bank in the Trading book are as follows:       Nil			
risk weight bands for         each regulatory capital         approach         • Exposures that have         been deducted entirely         from Tier 1 capital,         credit       enhancing         Interest only strips         deducted from total         capital, and other         exposures deducted         from total capital. <b>Quartitative disclosures with respect to securitization activities of the Bank in the Trading book are as follows:</b>			
each regulatory capital approach       • Exposures that have been deducted entirely from Tier 1 capital, credit enhancing       Nil         Interest only strips deducted from total capital, and other exposures deducted from total capital.       • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
approach       • Exposures that have       Nil         • Exposures that have       Nil         been deducted entirely       from Tier 1 capital,         from Tier 1 capital,       credit         credit       enhancing         Interest only strips       deducted from total         capital, and other       exposures         exposures       deducted         from total capital.       • <b>Quartitative disclosures with respect to securitization activities of the Bank in</b> the Trading book are as follows:		e	
<ul> <li>Exposures that have Nil</li> <li>been deducted entirely from Tier 1 capital, credit enhancing Interest only strips deducted from total capital, and other exposures deducted from total capital.</li> <li>Quantitative disclosures with respect to securitization activities of the Bank in the Trading book are as follows:</li> <li>Aggregate amount of No standard loans have been securitized by Bank.</li> </ul>			
been deducted entirely         from Tier 1 capital,         credit       enhancing         Interest only strips         deducted from total         capital, and other         exposures       deducted         from total capital.             Quartitative disclosures with respect to securitization activities of the Bank in the Trading book are as follows:             k)       Aggregate       amount       of			
from Tier 1 capital,         credit       enhancing         Interest       only strips         deducted       from total         capital,       and other         exposures       deducted         from total capital.       vertical capital.         Quantitative disclosures with respect to securitization activities of the Bank in the Trading book are as follows:         k)         Aggregate       amount         of       No standard loans have been securitized by Bank.		-	Nil
credit       enhancing         Interest       only         deducted       from         capital,       and         capital,       and         exposures       deducted         from total capital.		•	
Interest only strips         deducted from total         capital, and other         exposures deducted         from total capital.    Quantitative disclosures with respect to securitization activities of the Bank in the Trading book are as follows:          k)    Aggregate amount of No standard loans have been securitized by Bank.		-	
deducted from total         capital, and other         exposures deducted         from total capital.         Quantitative disclosures with respect to securitization activities of the Bank in         the Trading book are as follows:         k)         Aggregate amount of         No standard loans have been securitized by Bank.		-	
capital, and other         exposures       deducted         from total capital.    Quartitative disclosures with respect to securitization activities of the Bank in the Trading book are as follows:          k)       Aggregate       amount       of		• 1	
exposures       deducted         from total capital.       from total capital.         Quantitative disclosures with respect to securitization activities of the Bank in the Trading book are as follows:         k)       Aggregate       amount       of			
from total capital.         Quantitative disclosures with respect to securitization activities of the Bank in the Trading book are as follows:         k)       Aggregate       amount       of       No standard loans have been securitized by Bank.		-	
Quantitative disclosures with respect to securitization activities of the Bank in the Trading book are as follows:k)Aggregate amount of No standard loans have been securitized by Bank.		1	
the Trading book are as follows:Aggregate amount of No standard loans have been securitized by Bank.		<b>A</b>	
<b>k</b> ) Aggregate amount of No standard loans have been securitized by Bank.	Qua	ntitative disclosures wi	th respect to securitization activities of the Bank in
	the '	<b>Frading book are as fol</b>	lows:
avnosures securitized by	<b>k</b> )	Aggregate amount	of No standard loans have been securitized by Bank.
exposures securitized by	×)	exposures securitized l	by



1)	the bank for which the bank has retained some exposures and which is subject to the market risk approach, by exposure type. Aggregate amount of: • on-balance sheet securitization exposures retained or purchased broken down by exposure type; and	(PTC) NBFC/I 31.03.20 transact	i.e. MFI/H 024 ions).	Ass IFC i is R	ets sec in curren s.477.95	uritized t financia crore (:	al year as on 5 new PTC
	• Off-balance sheet securitization exposures broken down by exposure type.	The total outstanding PTC portfolio as on March 31, 2024 was Rs.503.48 crores. Nil					
<b>m</b> )	Aggregate amount of securitization exposures retained or purchased separately for: • Securitization exposures retained or purchased subject to Comprehensive Risk Measure for	The total outstanding PTC portfolio as on March 31, 2024 was Rs.503.48 crores. Bank has invested /purchased PSL portfolio through Securitization (5 new PTC transactions aggregating Rs.477.95 crores) during year ended March 31, 2024. Securitization exposure with Specific risk weight: (Amt. in				has invested curitization (5 g Rs.477.95 2024. risk weight:	
	<ul> <li>specific risk; and</li> <li>Securitization exposures subject to the securitization framework for specific risk broken down into different risk weight bands.</li> </ul>	S.         Amount         Rating         Specific Risk Weight (%)           No.         (%)         (%)           1.         64.16         AAA         1.80%           2.         439.32         AA         2.70%           Total <b>503.49</b> (%)         (%)					
n)	Aggregate amount of: • The capital requirements for the	Amount					
	securitization exposures, subject to the securitization framework	1. 2. <b>Tota</b>	1			5.41 14.76 <b>20.17</b>	AAA AA
	broken down into different risk weight bands.						



Securitization	Nil
exposures that are	
deducted entirely from	
Tier 1 capital, credit	
enhancing Interest only	
strips deducted from total	
capital, and other	
exposures deducted from	
total capital.	

#### **Table DF-7: Market Risk in Trading Book**

Market Risk is the risk of loss in the value of an investment due to adverse movements in the level of the market variables such as interest rates, equity prices, exchange rates and commodity prices, as well as volatilities therein. The Bank is exposed to market risk through its trading activities, which are carried out on its own account as well as those undertaken on behalf of its customers. The Bank monitors and manages the financial exposures arising out of these activities as an integral part of its overall risk management system. The system takes cognizance of the unpredictable nature of the financial markets and strives to minimize any adverse impact on the shareholders' wealth.

The Bank has formulated an Asset Liabilities Management (ALM) Policy, a Market Risk and Derivative Policy and an Investment Policy all of which are approved by the Board. These policies ensure that operations in securities, foreign exchange and derivatives are conducted in accordance with sound & acceptable business practices and are as per the extant regulatory guidelines. These policies contain the limit structure that governs transactions in financial instruments. These policies are reviewed periodically to incorporate changed business requirements, economic environment and changes in regulations in addition to process and product innovations.

The Asset Liability Management Committee (ALCO) comprising top executives of the Bank meet regularly to manage balance sheet risks in a coordinated manner. ALCO focuses on the management of risks viz. liquidity, interest rate and foreign exchange risks. Interest rate sensitivity analysis is measured through impact of interest rate movements on Net Interest Income (NII) and Market value of Equity (MVE) of the Bank. The Market Risk and Derivative Policy identify the trading risks to be managed by the Bank. It also lays down the organizational structure, tools, systems, processes, etc., necessary for appropriate levels of risk management in the trading book. The important risk management tools employed by the Bank are Marked to Market (MTM) of trading portfolio, PV01, modified duration, Stop loss, Greek limits, Potential Future Exposure, stress testing etc.

The Investment policy has been framed keeping in view market dynamics and various circulars issued by RBI in this regard. The policy lays down the parameters for investments in instruments, the purpose for such investments and the eligible customers with whom Bank can transact.

The Bank manages its market risk with the broad objectives of:

- 1. Identifying risks pertaining to trading book assets, interest rates and currencies
- 2. Formulating and implementing risk management policies
- 3. Assessing risk appetite and setting appropriate limits in consultation with business
- 4. Establishing monitoring and control mechanisms
- 5. Reducing operating costs through risk containment
- 6. Reviewing risk levels

### 7. Assessing risk adjusted performance

The Bank has an independent Market Risk Group (MRG)/Middle Office which is responsible for identification, assessment, monitoring and reporting of market risk in Treasury operations and to highlight exceptions, if any. The group also recommends changes in policies and methodologies for measuring market risk. The main strategies and processes of the group are:-

- 1. Delegation: Appropriate delegation of powers has been put in place for treasury operations. Investment decisions are vested with Investment Committee of the Board. MRG monitors various limits, which have been laid down in the policies.
- 2. Controls: The systems have adequate data integrity controls. The controls are used for audit purpose as well.
- 3. Exception handling processes: The limits set in the policies have been inserted in the system for ensuring that the same is being enforced to minimize exceptions. The limit breaches/exceptions, if any, are analyzed and ratified from the delegated authorities.

The MRG periodically reports on forex, investment and derivative product related risk measures to the senior management and committees of the Board. The Bank also reports to regulators as per the reporting requirements. Based on the risk appetite of the Bank, limits are placed on the risk metrics which are monitored on a periodic basis.

		(Amt. in ₹ Crore)
	Risk Category	Capital charge
	Total	1,205.88
i)	Interest Rate Risk	748.04
ii)	Equity Position Risk	421.84
iii)	Foreign Exchange Risk	36.00
iv)	On derivatives (FX Options)	0.00

Aggregation of capital charge for market risks as on March 31, 2024

# Table DF-8: Operational Risk

Operational Risk is defined as the risk of loss resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, people & systems or from external events inherent in Bank's business activities. This includes legal risk, but excludes strategic and reputational risks.

#### **Operational Risk Management Framework**

The Bank has a well-defined Operational Risk Management Policy in place. The main objectives of the policy are identification and assessment of operational risks attached to banking activities and developing capabilities, tools, systems and processes to monitor and mitigate these risks.

The Bank has a robust Operational Risk Management Framework and has also established an enabling organizational structure comprising Board of Directors, Risk

# () IDBI BANK

Management Committee (RMC) of the Board and Operational Risk Management Committee (ORMC) for effective management of Operational Risk. Operational Risk Management Framework (ORMF) is also externally validated by Deloitte. Review reports on Operational Risk management activities are presented to ORMC and RMC periodically.

At present, the Bank is following the Basic Indicator Approach for computation of capital charge for Operational Risk. The Bank is putting concerted efforts to further improve its Operational Risk management systems & procedures. The Bank has framed and implemented Key Risk Indicator and Risk & Control Self-Assessment frameworks for identification & assessment of Operational Risks. Further, the Bank has procured Comprehensive Operational Risk Evaluator (CORE) System for capturing and evaluating Operational Risk through Key Risk indicators (KRI) and Risk Control-Self Assessment (RCSA). The Bank has also been collecting operational risk loss data and categorizing into various loss event types in accordance with the RBI guidelines. ORM Section also conducts Stress Testing and Scenario Analysis exercise periodically on Operational Risk Losses and various other plausible risk drivers to study its impact on capital and income. Training programmes on Operational Risk Management are periodically conducted for continued sensitization of field functionaries as well as officers working at various levels to strengthen the first line of defence.

# Bank's initiatives for implementation of Business Continuity Management (BCM)

To safeguard the precious human life and to ensure continuity of critical Banking operations in the unlikely event of business disruption for rendering vital banking services to the customers, the Bank has a robust and resilient Business Continuity Management System (BCMS) in place which is guided by Business Continuity Management (BCM) Policy approved by the Board. Moreover the bank's Business continuity management system has also been accredited with ISO 22301 certification for compliance with the standards of ISO 22301.

BCM comprises Business Continuity Plan (BCP) and Disaster Management Plan (DMP). The BCM documents, for various Core, Support and Centralised functions inter alia, incorporate the modalities, in an event of business disruption/disaster and consequent recovery strategies & plans. The resilience of these plans under different disruption scenarios are tested on an on-going basis through BCP testing exercises, mock evacuation drills and Holistic DR Drill for critical IT applications. To mitigate the risk of system failure, the Bank has set up a Disaster Recovery (DR) site at Chennai & a near DR site at Mumbai. The Bank periodically carries out DR drill exercises to test the capabilities of DR site. Reporting of any disruption incidence & BCM activities is automated through the application software i-DaB.

The Bank has also developed a mobile based application called ion BCP to facilitate invocation of BCP by retail branches in case of disruption to carry out critical activities from the alternate branch. ion BCP facilitates secure transmission of vouchers images to alternate branch for faster processing and is especially helpful for isolated branches.

### Table DF-9: Interest Rate Risk in the Banking Book (IRRBB)

IRRBB refers to the potential impact on the Bank's earnings and economic value of assets and liabilities due to adverse movement in interest rates. Besides the general change in interest rate, variation in the magnitude of interest rate change among the different products/ instruments (e.g., yield on Government securities, interest rate on term deposits, lending rate on advances etc.,) it is also a significant source of interest rate risk. Changes in interest rates affect the Bank's earning through variation in its Net Interest Income (Interest Income minus Interest Expenses) as well as economic value of equity through net variation in economic value of assets and liabilities. The extent of change in earning and economic value of equity primarily depends on the nature and magnitude of maturity and re-pricing mismatches between the Bank's assets and liabilities.

Recognizing the importance of interest rate risk management, the Bank has put in place an appropriate ALM system which incorporates the Board approved interest rate risk management policy, procedures and limit structure in line with the RBI guidelines. The objectives of interest rate risk management are to identify the sources of risks and to measure their magnitude in terms of appropriate methods. It also includes appropriate funding, lending and off-balance sheet strategies with respect to maturity structure, pricing, product and customer group mix within the overall framework. The Bank's tolerance level for IRRBB is specified in terms of potential impact of net interest income and economic value of equity. The Asset Liability Committee (ALCO) of the Bank is responsible to ensure regular measurement, monitoring and control initiatives for the Bank's interest rate risk management. Risk Management Department (ALM) regularly measures and monitors ALM mismatches and reports to ALCO for deciding on strategies for effective management. Adequate information system has also been put in place for system based ALM reports generation on a daily basis.

Measurement and monitoring of IRRBB are carried out through the methods of Interest Rate Sensitivity (re-pricing) gap and Duration gap analysis covering both earning (impact on net interest income) and economic value perspective (impact on economic value of equity). Preparation of interest rate sensitivity gap report involves bucketing of all interest rate sensitive assets and liabilities into different time buckets based on their respective remaining term to maturity or next re-pricing date, whichever is earlier. Assumptions made for this report are for bucketing of core current and saving bank deposits into "over 1 year to 3 years", Pre-payment of Term loans, Renewal pattern of Term Deposits etc. based on Behavioural Analysis carried out annually and approved by ALCO. Duration gap analysis is undertaken based on computation of duration and present value of future cash flows of the interest rate sensitive assets and liabilities.

ALCO regularly monitors the interest rate risk exposures and suggests appropriate steps/ provides directions on composition, growth of deposits and advances, pricing of deposits and advances, management of money market operations and investment books etc., to control IRRBB within the prescribed internal limits.



Impact of parallel shift in Interest Rate by 100 basis points (Time Horizon: 1 year)			
ScenarioImpact (₹ Crores) Mar 24			
Earnings at Disk (EAD)	Increase by 100 bps	796.48	
Earnings at Risk (EAR)	Decrease by 100 bps	(796.48)	
Economia Value of Equity (EVE)	Increase by 100 bps	(734.02)	
Economic Value of Equity (EVE)	Decrease by 100 bps	734.02	

#### <u>Table DF-10: General Disclosure for Exposures Related to Counterparty Credit</u> <u>Risk:</u>

The Bank follows a structured process to ascertain the credit risk of an asset relationship with a counter-party covering both fund based and non-fund based facilities. Suitable policy frameworks are put in place in the form of Credit policy, Counterparty-Bank Policy, Market Risk &Derivative Policy, Investment Policy, Collateral Management Policy and Country Risk Policy which outline the guiding principles to manage Counterparty Credit Risk (CCR). In line with regulatory guidelines, the Credit policy of the Bank stipulates broad contours of counterparty credit exposure limits in respect of single borrower and borrowings by a group in relation to the Bank's capital fund. In addition, various internal thresholds are stipulated prudentially in relation to Net Worth, Total Committed Exposures (TCE), Total Outstanding exposure, Advances etc. Prudential limits in the form of sectorial limits are also stipulated in addition to applicable regulatory norms on the capital market segment. Currently, the Bank is computing capital on CCR following the standardized approach and adhering to regulations under Basel III.

The Bank's rating module, encompassing various rating models, supports internal credit rating of counter-party. Product specific guidelines are also defined in terms of customer suitability and appropriateness along with applicable terms and conditions. The Bank also has a Credit Support Annex (CSA) arrangement with select counter-party banks. CSA defines the terms under which collateral is transferred between derivative counterparties to mitigate the credit risk arising from derivative positions. The process of Collateral Management covers the entire gamut of activities right from its acceptability to its legal enforceability at the time of need. In establishing credit reserve, the Bank caters to various alternative techniques including escrow mechanism and charges thereon, activating Debt Service Reserve Account (DSRA), lien mark on deposits with the Bank, stipulating conditions towards higher margin, obtaining personal and third party guarantee etc. Credit filtering standards and product guidelines of the Bank capture the associated wrong way risk exposure. The notional value of derivatives (including hedges) and the distribution of current credit exposure by types of credit exposure:



		As on Mar. 31,2024 (Amt. in ₹ Crore)
Derivatives	Notional	<b>Current Exposure</b>
Interest Rate Swaps	61,230.08	609.59
Currency Swaps	248.30	58.11
Currency Options	0.00	0.00
Forwards	96,595.59	2,428.46
Banking Book (including GIFT City)	Notional	Current Exposure
Interest Rate Swaps	0.00	0.00
Currency Swaps	6.12	1.89

# Table DF-11: Composition of Capital

	Table DF-11: Composition of Capital			
Com	non Equity Tier 1 capital: instruments a	nd reserves	Reference No.	
1	Directly issued qualifying common	16,075.97	A=A1+B2	
	share capital plus related stock surplus			
2	(share premium)	5 575 59	DC	
2	Retained earnings	5,575.58	B6	
3	Accumulated other comprehensive income (and other reserves)	21,575.89	B3+B4+B5+E2+B 7	
4	Directly issued capital subject to phase	0.00		
	out from CET1 capital (only applicable			
	to non-joint stock companies)			
5	Common share capital issued by	0.00		
	subsidiaries and held by third parties			
	(amount allowed in group CET1)			
	Share application money allowed as	0.00		
	CET1, pending allotment			
6	CET1 capital before regulatory	43,227.44	B1	
	deductions			
Com	mon Equity Tier 1 capital: regulatory adj	ustments		
7	Prudential valuation adjustments	0.00		
8	Goodwill (net of associated deferred tax liability)	0.00		
9		130.53	F	
	Intangibles (net of related tax liability)		Г	
10	Deferred tax assets associated with	7,031.17		
	accumulated losses	0.00		
11	Cash flow hedge reserve	0.00		
12	Shortfall of provisions to expected losses	0.00		

	Table DF-11: Composition of Capital				
13	Securitisation gain on sale	0.00			
14	Gains and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair valued liabilities	0.00			
15	Defined benefit pension fund net assets	0.00			
16	Investments in own shares (if not already netted off paid-in capital on reported balance sheet)	0.00			
17	Reciprocal cross-holdings in CET1 capital instruments	11.53			
	DTA recognition in CET 1 capital upto 10% of banks adjusted CET 1 Capital	1,932.91			
18	Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued share capital (amount above 10% threshold)	0.00			
19	Significant capital investments in CET1 capital instruments issued by financial sector entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (amount above 10% threshold)	0.00			
20	Mortgage servicing rights (amount above 10% threshold)	0.00			
21	Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences	1,932.91	G		
22	Amount exceeding the 15% threshold	0.00			
23	of which: significant investments in the common stock of financial sector entities	0.00			
24	of which: mortgage servicing rights	0.00			
25	of which: deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences	1,932.91			
26	National specific regulatory adjustments (26a+26b+26c+26d)	46.10			
26a	of which: Investments in the equity capital of the unconsolidated insurance subsidiaries	0.00			
26b	of which: Investments in the equity capital of unconsolidated non-financial subsidiaries	46.10			
26c	of which: Shortfall in the equity capital of majority owned financial entities	0.00			

	Table DF-11: Composition of Capital			
	which have not been consolidated with			
	the bank			
26d	of which: Unamortised pension funds	0.00		
	expenditures			
	Other regulatory adjustments (illiquid	20.88		
	investment position)	0.00		
27	Regulatory adjustments applied to	0.00		
	Common Equity Tier 1 due to insufficient Additional Tier 1 and Tier 2			
	to cover deductions			
28	Total regulatory adjustments to	7,240.22		
20	Common Equity Tier 1	7,240.22		
29	Common Equity Tier 1 capital	35,987.22		
	(CET1)			
	Additional Tier 1 capital:	instruments		
30	Directly Issued Qualifying Additional			
	Tier 1 instruments plus related stock	-		
	surplus (Share Premium) (31+32)			
31	of which: classified as equity under			
	applicable accounting standards	-		
	(Perpetual Non-Cumulative Preference			
	Shares)	0.00		
32	of which: classified as liabilities under	0.00		
	applicable accounting standards (Perpetual debt instruments)			
33	Directly issued Capital instruments	0.00		
55	subject to phase out from AT1 capital	0.00		
34	Additional Tier 1 instruments (and			
51	CET1 instruments not included in row 5)	-		
	issued by subsidiaries and held by third			
	parties (amount allowed in group AT1)			
35	of which: instruments issued by			
	subsidiaries subject to phase out	-		
36	Additional Tier 1 capital before	0.00	С	
	regulatory deductions			
Addi	tional Tier 1 capital: regulatory adjustme	ents		
37	Investments in own Additional Tier 1			
	instruments	-		
38	Reciprocal cross-holdings in Additional	0.00		
00	Tier 1 instruments			
39	Investments in the capital of banking,			
	financial and insurance entities that are	-		
	outside the scope of regulatory			
	consolidation, net of eligible short			

	Table DF-11: Composition of	Capital	
	positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity (amount above 10% threshold)		
40	Significant investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (net of eligible short positions)	-	
41	National specific regulatory adjustments (41a+41b)	-	
41a	<i>of which:</i> Investments in the Additional Tier 1 capital of unconsolidated insurance subsidiaries	-	
41b	<i>of which:</i> Shortfall in the Additional Tier 1 capital of majority owned financial entities which have not been consolidated with the bank	-	
42	Regulatory adjustments applied to AT1 capital due to insufficient Tier 2 capital to cover deductions	-	
43	Total regulatory adjustments to AT1 capital	0.00	
44	Additional Tier 1 capital (AT1)	0.00	
45	Tier 1 capital (Tier 1 = CET1 + AT1) (29+44a)	35,987.22	
	capital: instruments and provisions		
46	Directly issued qualifying Tier 2 instruments plus related stock surplus	1,925.00	D
47	Directly issued capital instruments subject to phase out from Tier 2	0.00	D
48	Tier 2 instruments (and CET1 and AT1 instruments not included in rows 5 or 34) issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in group Tier 2)	-	
49	of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase out	_	
50	Provisions	1,868.18	E1
51	Tier 2 capital before regulatory deductions	3,793.18	



	Table DF-11: Composition of Capital				
Tier 2	Fier 2 capital: regulatory adjustments				
52	Investments in own Tier 2 capital				
	instruments	-			
53	Reciprocal cross-holdings in Tier 2	0.00			
	capital instruments				
54	Investments in the capital of banking,				
	financial and insurance entities that are	-			
	outside the scope of regulatory				
	consolidation, net of eligible short				
	positions, where the bank does not own				
	more than 10% of the issued common				
	share capital of the entity (amount above				
55	the 10% threshold)				
55	Significant investments in the capital				
	banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory	-			
	consolidation (net of eligible short				
	positions)				
56	National specific regulatory adjustments	0.00			
20	(56a+56b)	0100			
56a	of which: Investments in the Tier 2	0.00			
	capital of unconsolidated subsidiaries				
56b	of which: Shortfall in the Tier 2 capital				
	of majority owned financial entities	-			
	which have not been consolidated with				
	the bank				
57	Total regulatory adjustments to Tier 2	0.00			
	capital				
58	Tier 2 capital (T2)	3,793.18			
59	Total capital (Total capital = Tier 1 +	39,780.41			
	Tier 2)				
60	Total risk weighted assets	1,77,384.08			
(0)	(60a+60b+60c)	1 27 001 06			
60a	of which: total credit risk weighted	1,37,801.86			
60h	assets	15,073.45			
60b	of which: total market risk weighted assets	13,073.43			
60c	of which: total operational risk	24,508.77			
	weighted assets	27,500.77			
Canif	Capital ratios and buffers				
61	Common Equity Tier 1 (as a	20.29%			
01	percentage of risk weighted assets)	20.29%			
62	Tier 1 (as a percentage of risk	20.29%			
02	weighted assets)	20.2970			
	······································		l		

	Table DF-11: Composition of	Capital	
63	Total capital (as a percentage of risk weighted assets)	22.43%	
64	Institution specific buffer requirement	8.00%	
	(minimum CET1 requirement plus		
	capital conservation and		
	countercyclical buffer requirements,		
	expressed as a percentage of risk		
	weighted assets)		
65	of which: capital conservation buffer requirement	2.50%	
66	of which: bank specific countercyclical	-	
	buffer requirement		
67	of which: G-SIB buffer requirement	-	
68	Common Equity Tier 1 available to meet	12.29%	
	buffers (as a percentage of risk weighted		
	assets)		
Natio	nal minima (if different from Basel 3 min	limum)	
69	National Common Equity Tier 1		
	minimum ratio (if different from Basel		
	III minimum)		
70	National Tier 1 minimum ratio (if		
	different from Basel III minimum)		
71	National total capital minimum ratio (if		
	different from Basel III minimum)		
	unts below the thresholds for deduction (h	oefore risk	
weigh		1.025.40	
72	Non-significant investments in the	1,037.40	
70	capital of other financial entities	715 50	
73	Significant investments in the common	715.59	
74	stock of financial entities	NT A	
74	Mortgage servicing rights (net of related tax liability)	N.A	
75	Deferred tax assets arising from	N.A	
	temporary differences (net of related tax		
	liability)		
	cable caps on the inclusion of provisions		
capita		1.0(0.10	
76	Provisions eligible for inclusion in Tier	1,868.18	
	2 in respect of exposures subject to		
	standardised approach (prior to		
77	application of cap) Cap on inclusion of provisions in Tier 2		
//			
	under standardised approach		

	Table DF-11: Composition of	'Capital	
78	Provisions eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 in respect of exposures subject to internal ratings-based approach (prior to application of cap)	N.A.	
79	Cap for inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 under internal ratings-based approach	N.A.	
_	tal instruments subject to phase-out arran applicable between March 31, 2017 and 1	0	
80	Current cap on CET1 capital instruments subject to phase out arrangements	N.A.	
81	Amount excluded from CET1 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)	N.A.	
82	<i>Current cap on AT1 instruments subject</i> <i>to phase out arrangements</i>	N.A.	
83	Amount excluded from AT1 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)	N.A.	
84	<i>Current cap on T2 instruments subject to phase out arrangements</i>	N.A.	
85	Amount excluded from T2 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)	N.A.	

# Notes to the Template

Row No. of the template	Particular	(₹ In crore)
10	Deferred tax assets associated with accumulated losses	7,031.17
	Deferred tax assets (excluding those associated with accumulated losses) net of Deferred tax liability	1,932.91
	Total as indicated in row 10	8,964.08
19	If investments in insurance subsidiaries are not deducted fully from capital and instead considered under 10% threshold for deduction, the resultant increase in the capital of bank	0
	of which: Increase in Common Equity Tier 1 capital	



	of which: Increase in Additional Tier 1 capital	
	of which: Increase in Tier 2 capital	
26b	If investments in the equity capital of unconsolidated non-financial subsidiaries are not deducted and hence, risk weighted then:	
	(i) Increase in Common Equity Tier 1 capital	
	(ii) Increase in risk weighted assets	
50	Eligible Provisions included in Tier 2 capital	1,868.18
	Eligible Revaluation Reserves included in Tier 1 capital	3,564.87
	Total of row 50	5,433.06

# **Table DF-12: Composition of Capital- Reconciliation Requirements:**

# <u>STEP 1:</u>

		Balance sheet	Balance sheet
			Dalance sheet
		as in	1
		financial	under
			regulatory
		statements	scope of
			consolidation
		As on	As on
		31-03-2024	31-03-2024
А	Capital & Liabilities		
i	Paid-up Capital	10,752.40	10,752.40
	Reserves & Surplus	40,320.66	39,388.73
	Minority Interest	152.86	0.00
	Total Capital	51,225.92	50,141.13
ii	Deposits	2,77,365.51	2,77,500.21
	of which: Deposits from banks	19,393.45	19,393.45
	of which: Customer deposits	2,57,972.06	2,58,106.75
	of which: Other deposits (pl. specify)	0.00	0.00
iii	Borrowings	17,082.70	17,082.70
	of which: From RBI	2,400.00	2,400.00
	of which: From banks	376.30	376.30
	of which: From other institutions & agencies		
		0.00	0.00
	of which: Others (pl. specify) Borrowings		
	Outside India, General Refinance, Flexi		
	Bonds and Omni Bonds	11,359.40	11,359.40
	of which: Capital instruments	2,947.00	2,947.00



iv	Other liabilities & provisions	18,597.37	18,607.58
	Total	3,64,271.50	3,63,331.61
В	Assets		
i	Cash and balances with Reserve Bank of		
	India	13,991.00	13,991.00
	Balance with banks and money at call and		
	short notice	12,018.48	12,008.81
ii	Investments:	1,15,718.60	1,14,893.87
	of which: Government securities	98,795.45	98,702.29
	of which: Other approved securities	0.00	0.00
	of which: Shares	404.28	349.64
	of which: Debentures & Bonds	5,882.41	5,882.41
	of which: Subsidiaries / Joint Ventures /		
	Associates	712.94	47.61
	of which: Others (Commercial Papers,		
	Mutual Funds etc.)	9,923.52	9,911.92
iii	Loans and advances	1,88,575.62	1,88,575.62
	of which: Loans and advances to banks	407.36	407.36
	of which: Loans and advances to customers	1,88,168.26	1,88,168.26
iv	Fixed assets	9,542.30	9,534.55
v	Other assets	24,425.52	24,327.77
	of which: Goodwill and intangible assets	0.00	0.00
	of which: Deferred tax assets	8,965.05	8,964.08
vi	Goodwill on consolidation	0.00	0.00
vii	Debit balance in Profit & Loss account		
			0.00
	Total Assets	3,64,271.50	3,63,331.61
		0.00	0.00

# **STEP 2:**

		Balance sheet as in	Balance sheet	
		financial	under	
		statements	regulatory	
			scope	
			of	
			consolidation	
		As on	As on	Reference
		reporting date	reporting date	No.
А	Capital & Liabilities			
i	Paid-up Capital	10,752.40	10,752.40	

	of which: Amount eligible for			A1
	CET1	10,752.40	10,752.40	AI
	of which: Amount eligible for	10,752.40	10,752.40	
	AT1	0.00	0.00	
	Reserves & Surplus	40,320.66	39,388.73	
	Share Premium	5,323.52	5,323.56	B2
	Statutory Reserve	5,744.23	5,744.23	B3
	Capital Reserve	3,609.96	3,299.93	B4
	Other Disclosed Free Reserve*	10,023.69	8,966.86	B5
	Credit Balance in P&L account	7,685.81	5,575.58	
	Revaluation Reserve	7,933.45	7,933.45	
	of which: Amount eligible for	,	,	E2
	CET1	3,564.87	3,564.87	
	Minority Interest	152.86	0.00	
	Total Capital	51,225.92	50,141.13	
ii	Deposits	2,77,365.51	2,77,500.21	
	of which: Deposits from banks	19,393.45	19,393.45	
	of which: Customer deposits	2,57,972.06	2,58,106.75	
	of which: Other deposits (pl.	0.00	0.00	
	specify)			
iii	Borrowings	17,082.70	17,082.70	
	of which: From RBI	2,400.00	2,400.00	
	of which: From banks	376.30	376.30	
	of which: From other		0.00	
	institutions & agencies	0.00		
	of which: Others (pl. specify)	11,359.40	11,359.40	
	Borrowings Outside India,			
	General Refinance, Flexi			
	Bonds and Omni Bonds			
	of which: Capital instruments	2,947.00	2,947.00	
	-of which			
	a) Eligible Additional Tier		0.00	С
		0.00	1	<u> </u>
	b)Eligible Tier 2	1,925.00	1,925.00	D
iv	Other liabilities & provisions	18,597.37	18,607.58	<b>F</b> 1
	of which: Prudential provisions	1,868.18	1,868.18	E1
	against standard assets,			
	provision for unhedged foreign			
	currency exposure and excess provisions which arise on			
	account of sale of NPAs			
	included under Tier 2 Capital			
	of which: Share application	0.00	0.00	
	~ ~	0.00	0.00	
	money received from GOI &			



	LIC allowed as CET1 capital,			
	pending allotment			
	Total	3,64,271.50	3,63,331.61	
_				
B	Asset	12 001 00	12 001 00	
i	Cash and balances with	13,991.00	13,991.00	
	Reserve Bank of India	10.010.40	12 000 01	
	Balance with banks and	12,018.48	12,008.81	
	money at call and short notice			
ii	Investments	1 15 718 60	1,14,893.87	
11	of which: Government	<b>1,15,718.60</b> 98,795.45	98,702.29	
	securities	90,795.45	90,702.29	
	of which: Other approved	0.00	0.00	
	securities	0.00	0.00	
	of which: Shares	404.28	349.64	
	of which: Debentures & Bonds	5,882.41	5,882.41	
	of which: Subsidiaries / Joint	712.94	47.61	
	Ventures / Associates			
	of which: Others (Commercial	9,923.52	9,911.92	
	Papers, Mutual Funds etc.)			
iii	Loans and advances	1,88,575.62	1,88,575.62	
	of which: Loans and advances	407.36	407.36	
	to banks			
	of which: Loans and advances	1,88,168.26	1,88,168.26	
	to customers			
iv	Fixed assets	9,542.30	9,534.55	
	out of which intangibles	133.81	130.53	F
v	Other Assets	24,425.52	24,327.77	
	of which: Goodwill and			
	intangible assets	0.00	0.00	
	Out of which:	0.00	0.00	
	Goodwill	0.00	0.00	
	Other intangibles (excluding		0.00	
	MSRs)	0.00	0.00	C
	Out of which Eligible Deferred	1,932.91	1,932.91	G
<b>.</b> .:	tax assets	0.00	0.00	
vi vii	Goodwill on consolidationDebit balance in Profit &	0.00	0.00	B6
VII	Loss account	0.00	0.00	00
	Total Assets	3,64,271.50	3,63,331.61	

\*Includes Foreign Currency Translation Reserve amounting to Rs 18.22 Cr, which does not constitute a free reserve

# <u>STEP 3:</u>

Extract of Basel III common disclosure template (with added column) – Table DF-11 (Part I / Part II whichever, applicable)				
Common Equity T	ier 1 capital: ins	truments and reserves		
	Regulatory capital reported	Source based on reference numbers/letters of the balance sheet under the regulatory scope of consolidation from step 2		
1 Directly issued qualifying common share (and equivalent for non-joint stock companies) capital plus related stock surplus	10,752.40	A1		
2 Debit balance in Profit & Loss account	0.00	B6		
3 Accumulated other comprehensive income (and other reserves)	32,475.04	B2+B3+B4+B5+E2+B7		
4 Share application money received from GOI allowed as CET1 capital, pending allotment	0.00			
5 Directly issued capital subject to phase out from CET1 (only applicable to non- joint stock companies)	-			
6Common share capital issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in group CET1)	-			



7 Common Equity Tier 1 capital before regulatory adjustments	43,227.44	B1
8 Prudential valuation adjustments	-	
9 Goodwill (net of related tax liability)	-	

# Table DF- 13: Main features of regulatory capital instruments

"DF- 13: Main features of regulatory capital instruments issued by the Bank are available on the website under "Regulatory Disclosure Section >> FY 2023-24 (Basel III) >> March 31, 2024"

# **Table DF-14: Terms and Conditions of Regulatory Capital Instruments issued by** <u>the Bank</u>

"DF- 14.The Term Sheets for regulatory capital instruments issued by the Bank are available on the website under "Regulatory Disclosure Section >> FY 2023-24 (Basel III) >> March 31, 2024"

D	DF-16: Equities - Disclosure for Banking Book Positions as on March 31, 2024			
	Qualitative Disclosure			
1	Differentiation between holdings on which capital gains are expected and those taken under other objectives including for relationship and strategic reasons	Equity investments in the following are held in the Banking book 1 -Subsidiaries & JVs - These are intended to be held for a long time with an intention to participate in the distribution of profits of the companies. These investments are classified as HTM & AFS. 2. Associates - Most of these investments were originated by the erstwhile Development Financial Institutional (DFI) in fulfilment of its development banking role. Bank intends to divest these investments as and when opportunity arises. These investments are classified as AFS. 3. Shareholding of less than 20% in equity capital of the investee companies which has been acquired		

#### Table DF-16: Equities – Banking Book Positions

D	<b>DF-16: Equities - Disclosure for Banking Book Positions as on March 31, 2024</b>			
		through subscription / purchase /		
		conversion of loan dues into		
		equity/recovery of recompose.		
		These are intended to be held over		
		medium term and to be divested		
		through buyback and / or sale		
		through third parties, stock		
		exchanges or otherwise. These		
		investments are classified as AFS.		
2	Discussion of important policies covering the valuation and accounting of equity holdings in the banking book. This includes the accounting techniques and valuation methodologies used ,including key assumptions and practises affecting valuation as well as significant changes in these practises	As per the RBI guidelines, investments classified under HTM category need not be marked to market and carried at acquisition cost. Any diminution, other than temporary, in the value of equity investments is provided for. Any loss on sale of investments in HTM category is recognized in the profit and loss statement. Any profit on sale of investments under HTM category is recognized in the profit and loss statement and is then appropriated to capital reserve, net of taxes and statutory reserve. As per the Investment policy, the quoted equity shares in the Bank's portfolio are marked to market on a daily basis. Equity shares for which current quotations are not available or where the shares are not quoted on the stock exchanges, are valued at the break-up value (without considering 'revaluation reserves', if		
		any) which is ascertained from the company's latest balance sheet (not		
		more than 18 months prior to the		
		date of valuation). In case the latest		
		balance sheet is not available for		
		more than 18 months the shares are		
		valued at Re.1 per company.		
		There has been no change in these		
		practices during the reporting period.		



DI	DF-16: Equities - Disclosure for Banking Book Positions as on March 31, 2024		
	Quantitative Disclosure		
1	Value disclosed in the balance sheet of investments as well as the fair value of those investments; for quoted securities, a comparison to publicly quoted share values where the share price is materially different from fair value.	Value disclosed in the balance sheet of investments - Rs. 5,883.89 mn Fair value of the investments – Rs. 31,003.88 mn As Bank considers the publicly quoted share value to be the fair value of such shares, there is no material difference between the two values	
2	The types and nature of investments including the amount that can be classified as · Publicly traded and · Privately held	Type and nature of investments - Equity shares - Publicly traded (Listed) - Rs.487.44 mn - Privately held (Unlisted) – Rs. 5,899.97 mn	
3	The cumulative realised gains (losses) arising from sales and liquidations in the reporting period. (Q4)	Rs. 406.08 mn	
4	Total unrealised gains (losses)*	NIL	
5	Total latest revaluation gains (losses)**	Rs. 24,616.47 mn	
6	Any amounts of the above included in Tier 1 and or Tier 2 capital.	NIL	
7	Capital requirements broken down by appropriate equity groupings, consistent with the bank's methodology, as well as the aggregate amounts and the type of equity investments subject to any supervisory transition or grandfathering provisions regarding regulatory capital requirements.	NIL	
pro	* Unrealised gains (losses) recognised in the balance sheet but not through the profit and loss account.		
;	** Unrealised gains (losses) not recognised either in the balance sheet or through		
the	the profit and loss account.		

# <u>Table DF-17: Leverage Ratio – Summary Comparison of Accounting Assets vs.</u> <u>Leverage Ratio Exposure Measure:</u>

Sr.No	Item	(₹ Crores)
1	Total consolidated assets as per published financial statements	3,63,331.61
2	Adjustment for investments in banking, financial, insurance or commercial entities that are consolidated for accounting purposes but outside the scope of regulatory consolidation	83.03

3	Adjustment for fiduciary assets recognised on the balance sheet pursuant to the operative accounting framework but excluded from the leverage ratio exposure measure	0.00
4	Adjustments for derivative financial instruments	2,211.40
5	Adjustment for securities financing transactions(i.e. repos and similar secured lending)	0.00
6	Adjustment for off-balance sheet items (i.e. conversion to credit equivalent amounts of off-balance sheet exposures)	58,160.81
7	Other adjustments	6,824.15
8	Leverage ratio exposure	4,16,962.70



# **DF-18: Leverage ratio common disclosure template**

Sr.	Item		(₹ Crore)
No			
	palance sheet exposures	Consolidated	Standalone
1	On-balance sheet items (excluding derivatives		
	and SFTs, but including collateral)	3,60,991.16	3,60,350.92
2	(Asset amounts deducted in determining		
	Basel III Tier 1 capital)	(7,240.22)	(7,498.83)
3	Total on-balance sheet exposures (excluding		
	derivatives and SFTs) (sum of lines 1 and 2)	3,53,750.94	3,52,852.09
Deri	vative exposures		
4	Replacement cost associated with all		
	derivatives transactions (i.e. net of eligible		
	cash variation margin)	274.39	274.39
5	Add-on amounts for PFE associated with all		
	derivatives transactions	1,937.01	1,937.01
6	Gross-up for derivatives collateral provided		
	where deducted from the balance sheet assets		
	pursuant to the operative accounting		
	framework	0.00	0.00
7	(Deductions of receivables assets for cash	0.00	0.00
	variation margin provided in derivatives		
	transactions)		
8	(Exempted CCP leg of client-cleared trade	0.00	0.00
	exposures)		
9	Adjusted effective notional amount of written	0.00	0.00
-	credit derivatives		
10	(Adjusted effective notional offsets and add-	0.00	0.00
	on deductions for written credit derivatives)		
11	Total derivative exposures (sum of lines 4 to		
	10)	2,211.40	2,211.40
	Securities financing transaction exposures	_,	
12	Gross SFT assets (with no recognition of		
	netting), after adjusting for sale accounting		
	transactions	2,818.61	2,818.61
13	(Netted amounts of cash payables and cash	0.00	0.00
15	receivables of gross SFT assets)	0.00	0.00
14	CCR exposure for SFT assets		
17		20.93	20.93
15	Agent transaction exposures	0.00	0.00
16	Total securities financing transaction	0.00	0.00
10	exposures (sum of lines 12 to 15)	2,839.55	2,839.55
Otho		2,039.33	2,039.33
Othe	er off-balance sheet exposures		



17	Off-balance sheet exposure at gross notional		
	amount	1,71,589.00	1,71,564.49
18	(Adjustments for conversion to credit		
	equivalent amounts)	(1,13,428.19)	(1,13,428.19)
19	Off-balance sheet items (sum of lines 17 and		
	18)	58,160.81	58,136.30
Capi	tal and total exposures		
20	Tier 1 capital		
		35,987.22	35,504.05
21	Total exposures (sum of lines 3, 11, 16 and		
	19)	4,16,962.70	4,16,039.34
Leve	rage ratio		
22	Basel III leverage ratio	8.63%	8.53%

# **Reconciliation between Total consolidated assets as per published financial statements and On-balance sheet exposure under leverage ratio**

Sr.	Item	(₹ Crores)
No		
1	Total consolidated assets as per published financial	
	statements	3,63,331.61
2	Replacement cost associated with all derivatives	
	transactions, i.e. net of eligible cash variation margin	2,211.40
3	Adjustment for securities financing transactions (i.e.	
	repos and similar secured lending)	2,839.55
4	Adjustment for Collaterals and adjustments entities	
	outside the scope of regulatory consolidation	499.10
5	On-balance sheet exposure under leverage ratio	
	(excluding	3,58,280.67
	derivatives and SFTs)	

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